Air Quality Forecast Feedback: Los Angeles Air Basin

NOAA Forecast Working Group Meeting September 27-28, 2017

Marc Carreras-Sospedra, Ph.D and Sang-Mi Lee, Ph.D

South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 Copley Dr, Diamond Bar, CA 92886



Overview

- 12 UTC cycle Forecast Products
- Retrieved for Los Angeles Air Basin
- 2nd day forecast variables were evaluated:
 - Daily Max 8-hour Ozone
 - Average 24-hour PM2.5



Performance Evaluation Zone



South Coast Air Quality Management District

Air Quality by Geographic Area





Daily Max 8-hour Ozone



Daily Max 8-hour Ozone at Glendora (FH)





Daily Max 8-hour Ozone at Fontana (UR)





Daily Max 8-hour Ozone at San Bernardino (UR)





Daily Max 8-hour Ozone at Crestline (UR)





Daily Max 8-hour Ozone at Redlands (UR)





Performance Statistics by Month

Urban Receptor





Geographical Variation



South Coast Air Quality Management District

Weekend Effect



AQMD

Average 24-hour PM2.5



PM2.5 measurements were made with automated Beta Attenuation Method samplers



Daily 24h PM_{2.5} at Riverside





Quarterly Average 24-hour PM2.5



South Coast Air Quality Management District

PM_{2.5} Performance Statistics by Quarter





FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS



Future Improvements: On-Road Emissions Inventory

• The 2016 AQMP inventory was developed based on traffic sensor measurements data







• Further improvement specifically in heavy-duty vehicle category will be introduced in MATES V and next AQMP

Future Improvements: Marine Traffic Data

- The automatic identification system (AIS) is an automatic tracking system used for collision avoidance on ships and by vessel traffic services (VTS).
- Provides vessel type, size, position, course, and speed.
- Ocean Going Vessels' emission amount and distribution will be evaluated with the AIS data





Example of ship data near Port of LA



Future Improvements: Aloft Aircraft Emissions

- Currently aircraft emissions are treated as ground level release
- Take-off and landing emissions will be revised to have gradual release with altitude.





(Source: www.flickr.com)

Future Improvements: Assimilating Satellite Data



Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology

- Assimilating Satellite Data into Global Chemical Transport model, GEOS-CHEM to evaluate intercontinental scale transport
- Collaboration with NASA JPL and UC Riverside







Summary and Conclusions

- NOAA forecast still tends to under-predict high ozone episodes in the Basin especially urban receptor and foothill areas where the peak concentrations are recorded
- The ozone bias peaks in July-August, when ozone concentrations are the highest
- NOAA forecast under-predicted PM2.5 in spring and summer, and slightly overpredicted PM2.5 in fall and winter
- SCAQMD is continuously working in improving modeling capabilities: emissions modeling and background ozone

